
Certificate of Property Use

Issued under the authority of the Environmental Protection Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. E.19, sections 168.6 (CPU) and 197 (Order)

Certificate of property use number: 6133-07NLHQ
Risk assessment number: 0487-BRTHE7

Owner:

2701098 Ontario Inc.

(Registered Owner)

21 Booth Avenue, Suite 200
Toronto, ON, M4M 2M3

Property:

152 Shanley Street, Kitchener

(Property)

With a Legal Description of:

**LT 447-448 PL 376 KITCHENER; PT LT 446 PL 376 KITCHENER PT 1
WDR150; KITCHENER**

Being All of PIN: 22326-0146 (LT)

The conditions of this Certificate of Property Use (CPU) address the Risk Management Measures in the Risk Assessment noted above and described in detail in Part 1 below (Risk Assessment). In the event of a conflict between the CPU and the Risk Assessment, the conditions of the CPU take precedence.

Summary:

Refer to Part 1 of the CPU, Interpretation, for the meaning of all the defined capitalized terms that apply to the CPU.

Risk Management Measures (RMMs) that are required to be implemented are found in Part 4 of the CPU, Director Requirements. Key RMMs specified in Part 4 include, but are not limited to:

- Installing, inspecting and maintaining hard cap on the Property as per Section 4.2 (a) and 4.2 (e) of this CPU;
- Prohibiting the construction of any Building (s) on the Property unless the new Building (s) is constructed as specified in Section 4.2 (f) of this CPU;

- Implementing a post construction groundwater monitoring program as specified in Section 4.2(o) of this CPU;
- Implementing a soil and groundwater management plan during any intrusive activities undertaken on the Property potentially in contact with COCs in soil, groundwater and or Nonaqueous Phase Liquid (NAPL), i.e. free phase trichloroethylene (TCE), that have been identified in the RA at concentrations that exceed the ASCS as per Section 4.2(p) of this CPU;
- Implementing a health and safety plan during any intrusive activities undertaken on the Property potentially in contact with COCs in soil, groundwater and or NAPL that have been identified in the RA at concentrations that exceed the applicable site condition standards as specified in Section 4.2(q) of this CPU;
- Preparing and implanting a groundwater control management plan for any new Building (s) constructed on the Property where the Building’s foundation is constructed at or below the groundwater table as per Section 4.2 (r) of this CPU;
- Appropriately construct and seal any new utility corridors installed on the Property as per Section 4.2(s) of this CPU;
- Restricting access to the Property or portions of the Property prior to redevelopment by installing, inspecting and maintaining adequate fencing around the entirety of the Property as per Section 4.2 (t) of this CPU;
- Prohibiting the construction of slab-on-Grade Building (s) on the Property or portions of the Property as per Section 4.2 (u) of the CPU;
- Prohibiting the installation of geothermal wells on the Property or portions of the Property as per section 4.2 (v) and 4.2 (w) of this CPU;
- Prohibiting the use of groundwater in on or under the Property as per Section 4.3 of this CPU; and,
- Registering a certificate on the Property title in accordance with Section 197 of the *Environmental Protection Act* and that before dealing with the Property in any way, a copy of the CPU is to be given to any person who will acquire an interest in the Property as per Section 4.5, 4.6 and 4.7 of this CPU.

Part 1: Interpretation

In the CPU the following terms shall have the meanings described below:

“Adverse Effect” has the same meaning as in the Act; namely,

- (a) impairment of the quality of the natural environment for any use that can be made of it,
- (b) injury or damage to property or to plant or animal life,
- (c) harm or material discomfort to any person,
- (d) an adverse effect on the health of any person,
- (e) impairment of the safety of any person,
- (f) rendering any property or plant or animal life unfit for human use,
- (g) loss of enjoyment of normal use of property, and
- (h) interference with the normal conduct of business;

“Act” means the *Environmental Protection Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. E. 19;

“Applicable Site Condition Standards” and “ASCS” means soil and groundwater that meets the soil or groundwater criteria identified in ***Table 2 Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition***

(coarse textured soils) (residential/institutional and parkland use) of the Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards for Use under Part XV.1 of the Act published by the Ministry and dated April 15, 2011;

“Building (s)” means an enclosed structure (s) occupying an area greater than ten square metres consisting of a wall or walls, roof and floor;

“Building Area” means the horizontal area of a Building at Grade within the outside surface of the exterior wall or walls.

“Building Code” means Ontario Regulation 332/12 (Building Code) as amended to January 1, 2015, made under the *Building Code Act, 1992*, S.O. 1992, c. 23.

“Contaminant” has the same meaning as in the Act; namely any solid, liquid, gas, odour, heat, sound, vibration, radiation or combination of any of them, resulting directly or indirectly from human activities that may cause an Adverse Effect;

“Contaminant of Concern” and “COC” has the meaning as set out in Section 3.2 of the CPU;

“Competent Person” has the same meaning as set out in the *Occupational Health and Safety Act* R.S.O. 1990, c.O.1;

“CPU” means this Certificate of Property Use Number No. **6133-07NLHQ** as may be amended from time to time;

"Director" means the undersigned Director or any other person appointed as a Director for the purpose of issuing a certificate of property use;

“EBR” means the *Environmental Bill of Rights, 1993*, S.O. 1993, c.28;

“Environmental Compliance Approval” has the same meaning as set out in the Act;

“Fill Material” means loose, granular material from an Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources (MNR)-licensed quarry or other non-soil material or commercial products such as compost bark chips, concrete, unshrinkable fill, crushed concrete, concrete-based materials or equivalent;

“Grade” has the same meaning as in the Building Code;

“Licensed Professional Engineer” means a person who holds a license, limited license or temporary license under the *Professional Engineers Act*, R.R.O. 1990, c.P.28;

"Ministry" means the ministry of the government of Ontario responsible for the administration of the Act, currently named the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks;

“O. Reg. 153/04” means Ontario Regulation 153/04 (Record of Site Condition – Part XV.1 of the Act), made under the Act;

“Owner” and “Registered Owner” means **2701098 Ontario Inc.**, the current registered owner of the Property, and any subsequent Property Owner(s);

"OWRA" means the *Ontario Water Resources Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c.O.40;

“Property” means the property that is the subject of the CPU and described in the “Property” section on page 1 above, and illustrated in Figure 1 of Schedule A which is attached to and forms part of this CPU;

“Property Specific Standards” and “PSS” means the property specific standards established for the Contaminants of Concern set out in the Risk Assessment and in Section 3.2 of the CPU;

"Provincial Officer" means a person who is designated as a provincial officer for the purposes of the Act;

“Qualified Person” means a person who meets the qualifications prescribed in O. Reg. 153/04;

"Risk Assessment" and "RA" means the Risk Assessment **No. 0487-BRTHE7** accepted by the Director on **SEPTEMBER 28, 2021** and set out in the following final documents:

- **Risk Assessment – 152 Shanley Street, Kitchener, Ontario, First Submission. Prepared by Stantec Consulting Ltd. for Shannondale Developments dated December 3, 2020; and,**
- **Risk Assessment - 152 Shanley Street, Kitchener, Ontario, Second Submission. Prepared by Stantec Consulting Ltd. for Shannondale Developments dated June 2, 2021.**

“Risk Management Measures" and “RMMS” means the risk management measures specific to the Property described in the Risk Assessment and/or Part 4 of the CPU;

“Risk Management Plan” and “RMP” means the risk management plan detailed in Section 7.0 and Appendix G of the RA dated June 2, 2021; and,

“Tribunal” has the same meaning as in the Act; namely, the Ontario Land Tribunal.

Part 2: Legal Authority

- 2.1 Section 19 of the Act states that a certificate of property use is binding on the executor, administrator, administrator with the will annexed, guardian of property or attorney for property of the person to whom it was directed, and on any other successor or assignee of the person to whom it was directed.
- 2.2 Subsection 132(1.1) of the Act states that the Director may include in a certificate of property use a requirement that the person to whom the certificate is issued provide financial assurance to the Crown in right of Ontario for any one or more of,
 - a. the performance of any action specified in the certificate of property use;
 - b. the provision of alternate water supplies to replace those that the Director has reasonable and probable grounds to believe are or are likely to be contaminated or otherwise interfered with by a contaminant on, in or under the property to which the certificate of property use relates; and
 - c. measures appropriate to prevent adverse effects in respect of the property to which the certificate of property use relates.
- 2.3 Subsection 168.6 (1) of the Act states that if the Director accepts a risk assessment relating to a property, he or she may, when giving notice under clause 168.5 (1)(a), issue a certificate of property use to the owner of the property, requiring the owner to do any of the following things:
 1. Take any action specified in the certificate that, in the Director’s opinion, is necessary to prevent, eliminate or ameliorate any adverse effect on the property, including installing any equipment, monitoring any contaminant or recording or reporting information for that purpose.
 2. Refrain from using the property for any use specified in the certificate or from constructing any Building specified in the certificate on the property.
- 2.4 Subsection 168.6(2) of the Act states that a certificate of property use shall not require an owner of the property to take any action that would have the effect of reducing the concentration of a contaminant on, in or under the property to a level below the level that is required to meet the standards specified for the contaminant in the risk assessment.
- 2.5 Subsection 168.6(3) of the Act states that the Director may, on his or her own initiative or on application by the owner of the property in respect of which a certificate has been issued under subsection 168.6(1),
 - a. alter any terms and conditions in the certificate or impose new terms and conditions; or

- b. revoke the certificate.
- 2.6 Subsection 168.6(4) of the Act states that if a certificate of property use contains a provision requiring the owner of the property to refrain from using the property for a specified use or from constructing a specified Building on the property,
- a. the owner of the property shall ensure that a copy of the provision is given to every occupant of the property;
 - b. the provision applies, with necessary modifications, to every occupant of the property who receives a copy of the provision; and
 - c. the owner of the property shall ensure that every occupant of the property complies with the provision.
- 2.7 Subsection 197(1) of the Act states that a person who has authority under the Act to make an order or decision affecting real property also has authority to make an order requiring any person with an interest in the property, before dealing with the property in any way, to give a copy of the order or decision affecting the property to every person who will acquire an interest in the property as a result of the dealing.
- 2.8 Subsection 197(2) of the Act states that a certificate setting out a requirement imposed under subsection 197(1) may be registered in the proper land registry office on the title of the real property to which the requirement relates, if the certificate is in a form approved by the Minister, is signed or authorized by a person who has authority to make orders imposing requirements under subsection 197(1) and is accompanied by a registrable description of the property.
- 2.9 Subsection 197(3) of the Act states that a requirement, imposed under subsection 197(1) that is set out in a certificate registered under subsection 197(2) is, from the time of registration, deemed to be directed to each person who subsequently acquires an interest in the real property.
- 2.10 Subsection 197(4) of the Act states that a dealing with real property by a person who is subject to a requirement imposed under subsection 197(1) or 197(3) is voidable at the instance of a person who was not given the copy of the order or decision in accordance with the requirement.

Part 3: Background

- 3.1 The Risk Assessment (RA) was undertaken for the Property to establish the risks that the Contaminants identified in the RA may pose to future users and to identify appropriate Risk Management Measures (RMMs) to be implemented to ensure that the Property is suitable for the intended use: **residential use** as defined in O. Reg. 153/04.
- 3.2 The Contaminants on, in, or under the Property that are present either above **Table 2: Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition (coarse textured soils)** for Use under Part XV.1 of the Act published by the Ministry and dated April 15, 2011 or for which there are no such standards, are set out in the RA (Contaminants of Concern). The Property Specific Standards for these Contaminants of Concern are set out in **Table A and Table B of Schedule 'A'** which is attached to and forms part of the CPU.
- 3.3 I am of the opinion, for the reasons set out in the RA that the RMMs described therein and outlined in Part 4 of the CPU are necessary to prevent, eliminate or ameliorate an Adverse Effect on the Property that has been identified in the RA.
- 3.4 The RA indicates the presence of Contaminants of Concern in soil and groundwater which requires on-going restriction of land use and pathway elimination. As such, it is necessary to restrict the use of the Property and impose Building restrictions and implement RMMs as set out in the RA and in Part 4 of the CPU.

3.5 I believe for the reasons set out in the RA that it is also advisable to require the disclosure of this CPU and the registration of notice of the CPU on title to the Property as set out in section 197 order requirements in Section 4.7, Section 4.8 and Section 4.9 of this CPU.

Part 4: Director Requirements

Pursuant to the authority vested in me under subsection 168.6(1) of the Act, I hereby require the Owner to do or cause to be done the following:

Risk Management Measures

4.1 Implement, and thereafter maintain or cause to be maintained, the Risk Management Measures.

4.2 Without restricting the generality of the foregoing in Section 4.1, carry out or cause to be carried out the following key elements of the RMMs:

Hard cap barriers:

- a) Hard cap barriers are required to be installed over the entire Property so as to prevent exposure to the Contaminants of Concern (COCs) identified on the Property and shall be maintained for as long as the COCs are present on the Property at concentrations that exceed the ASCS. The hard cap barriers shall be installed in accordance with Section 7.2.1.1 and Figure G-1 of the RMP.

Hard cap barrier shall consist of the following, at minimum:

- i. The hard cap barrier (s) shall consist of: Granular 'A' or equivalent material overlain by a cover of asphalt, concrete (including Building foundation/floor slab, driveways and sidewalks etc.), pavers or stone with a combined minimum thickness of 225 millimeters (mm).
- b) Within 90 days of completion of the installation of any new hard cap barriers on the Property or portion of the Property, the Owner shall submit to the Director written confirmation signed by a qualified Licensed Professional Engineer that the barriers have been installed in accordance with the requirements of Section 7.2.1.1 and Figure G-1 of the RMP and Section 4.2(a)(i) of this CPU along with final design specifications/drawings and or as built drawings.
- c) Within 90 days of completion of the installation of any new hard cap barriers on the Property or portion(s) of the Property, the Owner shall submit to the Director a site plan that clearly identifies the final location of each of the different barriers.
- d) In relation to Section 4.2(a) of this CPU, areas of the Property that are ***not in use or not under development***, hard cap barriers are not required as long as exposure to the COCs at concentrations that exceed the ASCS (as determined by a Qualified Person) is prevented by a fence barrier that restricts access to those areas of the Property and a dust control plan is implemented as may be necessary.
- e) An inspection and maintenance program shall be implemented to ensure the continuing integrity of the hard cap barriers as long as the COCs are present on the Property at concentrations that exceed the ASCS. The inspection program shall include semi-annual (spring and fall) inspections of the barrier's integrity in accordance with the inspection and maintenance program as detailed in Section 7.4.1 of the RMP. Any barrier deficiencies shall be repaired within a reasonable period of time in accordance with Section 7.4.1 of the RMP. If cracks, breeches or any loss of integrity in the barriers cannot be repaired or addressed in a timely manner, contingency measures in accordance with Section 7.5.1 of the RMP shall be implemented to ensure that no exposure to the COCs that have been observed on the Property at concentrations that exceed the ASCS occurs. For the restoration of any damaged portions of the barriers, restoration shall meet the original design specifications, at minimum, as detailed in Section 7.2.1.1 and Figure G-1 of the RMP along with Section 4.2(a)(i) of this CPU. For significant breeches that are identified to potentially expose the COCs that are present on the Property at concentrations that

exceed the ASCS the Owner shall submit to the Director written confirmation prepared and signed by a qualified Licensed Professional Engineer, in consultation with a Qualified Person, that the barriers have been repaired in accordance with the applicable requirements of this CPU. The written confirmation shall also include a description of any contingency measures put in place and shall be submitted to the Director within 30 days of the completion of any barrier repairs and/or restorations. The Owner shall keep records of the inspections and maintenance and make them available for review by the Ministry upon request.

Enclosed Building (s) (Building (s)):

- f) Refrain from constructing any **new Building(s)** on, in or under the Property unless the Building (s) includes a storage garage and a vapour barrier system, as detailed in Section 7.2.2 and Figure G-2 of the RMP, along with Section 4.2 (g) of this CPU.
- g) The construction of any **new Building(s)** on the Property that includes at least one level of storage garage constructed at or below Grade, as defined in the Building Code, shall meet the following requirements:
 - i. The storage garage is constructed with at least one level at or below Grade;
 - ii. The storage garage area covers the entire building area at Grade;
 - iii. The storage garage complies with all applicable requirements of the Building Code, such as provisions governing:
 - a. design of a mechanical ventilation system as set out in Division B, Article 6.2.2.3. (Ventilation of Storage and Repair Garages) of the Building Code;
 - b. interconnection of air duct systems as set out in Division B, Sentence (2) of Article 6.2.3.9. (Interconnection of Systems) of the Building Code;
 - c. air leakage as set out in Division B, Section 5.4. (Air Leakage) of the Building Code;
 - iv. The mechanical ventilation system for the storage garage is designed to provide a continuous supply of outdoor air at a rate of not less than 3.9 litres per second for each square metre of floor area or be activated on an as-needed basis by carbon monoxide or nitrogen dioxide monitoring devices as required by the Building Code; and,
 - v. A continuous leak free vapour barrier (i.e. vapour barrier system) or a sub-slab depressurization system (SSDS) is installed beneath the base and outer walls of the foundation of the below ground surface portion of the storage garage as specified in Section 7.2.2.1 and Figure G-2 of the RMP.
- h) Within 90 calendar days of the completion of the construction of Building(s) as specified in Section 4.2 (g) of this CPU and prior to first occupancy, the Owner shall submit to the Director as-built drawings and detailed design specifications of the vapour barrier system or the SSDS, including any verification and QA/QC reports, prepared by the qualified Licensed Professional Engineer along with a statement from the qualified Licensed Professional Engineer that the storage garage and the vapour mitigation system or SSDS has been installed in accordance with the original design specifications and that it has been designed to meet the requirements and objectives specified in Section 7.1 of the RMP along with Section 4.2 (g) of this CPU.
- i) The storage garage and vapour barrier system or SSDS detailed in Section 7.2.2 of the RMP and 4.2 (g) of this CPU shall be operated, monitored and maintained by the Owner for as long as the COCs are present on the Property. As detailed in Section 7.4.2 of the RMP, the qualified Licensed Professional Engineer that designed the vapour barrier system or SSDS shall prepare an operation, monitoring, and maintenance program, including a contingency plan as per Section 7.5.2 of the RMP, that is to be implemented by the Owner, prior to first occupancy, and shall be made available by the Owner to the Ministry upon request.
- j) An inspection, monitoring and maintenance program specified in Section 7.4.2 of the RMP and Section 4.2 (i) of this CPU shall be implemented to ensure the continued integrity of the building floor slab and vapour barrier system or SSDS for as long as the COCs are present on the Property. The inspection program shall include, at minimum, semi-annual inspections of the integrity of the building floor slab(s) and monitoring of the vapour barrier system or SSDS in accordance with the monitoring and maintenance program specified in Section 4.2 (i) of this CPU. Any major cracks, breaches or loss of integrity observed in the building floor slab or any observed deficiencies or necessary maintenance requirements with the vapour barrier system or SSDS shall be repaired forthwith to the original design specification, at minimum. Repairs or

maintenance shall be made by an appropriately qualified contractor, under the supervision of a qualified Licensed Professional Engineer as necessary. If repairs to the building floor slab or the vapour barrier system or SSDS cannot be completed in a timely manner, the Owner shall ensure that the contingency measures prepared by a qualified Professional Engineer, as specified in Section 7.5.2 of the RMP and Section 4.2 (i) of this CPU, are implemented. All repairs are to be inspected by an appropriately qualified Licensed Professional Engineer and signed documentation shall be provided to the Owner that states that the repairs meet the original design specifications, at minimum. The Owner shall submit to the Director the written confirmation, prepared and signed by a qualified Licensed Professional Engineer, that the vapour barrier system or SSDS has been repaired to meet the original design specifications, at minimum. The written confirmation shall also include a description of any contingency measures that were put in place and shall be submitted to the Director within 30 days of the completion of any repairs to the vapour barrier system or SSDS. The Owner shall keep records of the inspections, monitoring and maintenance program, along with documentation of all repairs that were required to be undertaken and these records shall be made available by the Owner to the Ministry for review upon request.

- k) The Owner shall ensure that all individuals/contractors intending to undertake work which could potentially come into contact with or interfere with the vapour barrier system or SSDS installed as part of the storage garage as specified in Section 7.2.2 of the RMP along with Section 4.2 (g) of this CPU are made aware of the presence of the vapour barrier system or SSDS and the need to take appropriate precautions to ensure the integrity of the vapour barrier system or SSDS at all times. If the vapour barrier system or SSDS is damaged at any time, the Owner shall ensure that it is repaired forthwith by a qualified contractor, under the supervision of a qualified Licensed Professional Engineer as necessary, to the original design specifications, at minimum. If repairs to the vapour barrier system or SSDS cannot be completed in a timely manner, the Owner shall ensure that the contingency measures prepared by a qualified Professional Engineer are implemented. All repairs to the vapour barrier system or SSDS are to be inspected by a qualified Licensed Professional Engineer and signed documentation shall be provided to the Owner that states that the repairs meet the original design specifications, at minimum. The Owner shall submit to the Director the written confirmation, prepared and signed by a qualified Licensed Professional Engineer, that the vapour barrier system or SSDS has been repaired to meet the original design specifications, at minimum. The written confirmation shall also include a description of any contingency measures that were put in place and shall be submitted to the Director within 30 calendar days of the completion of any repairs to the vapour barrier system. The Owner shall maintain records of all activities and repairs in relation to the vapour barrier system or SSDS and these records shall be made available by the Owner to the Ministry for review upon request.

Performance Monitoring – Storage Garage with vapour barrier system or SSDS

- l) Once the final design of the storage garage with vapour barrier system or SSDS is completed as specified in Section 4.2 (g) of this CPU, the **Owner** shall submit to the Director, for review and approval, a performance monitoring program. The performance monitoring program shall be prepared by a qualified Licensed Professional Engineer in consultation with an appropriately Qualified Person, that consists indoor air monitoring within the storage garage, as detailed in Section 7.4.2 of the RMP. Specifically, the performance monitoring program shall include the following key components:
- i. Be overseen by a qualified Licensed Professional Engineer.
 - ii. The collection of indoor air sampling at an appropriate number of representative locations within the storage garage, including QA/QC samples, that is adequate for the size and configuration of any new Building(s) as determined appropriate by the qualified Licensed Professional Engineer at the following frequency:
 1. Prior to first occupancy;
 2. Semi-Annually (summer and winter) for a minimum two years and until written approval to discontinue the performance monitoring program by the Director is received by the Owner.
 - iii. The indoor air samples shall be sent to an accredited laboratory and analyzed for the Target Analytes listed in **Schedule 'A' : Table 1C: Target Indoor Air Concentrations – Parking Garage (Table C)**, which is attached to and forms part of this CPU.

- iv. An annual report documenting the performance monitoring program shall be prepared by a qualified Licensed Professional Engineer and submitted to the Director on or before **March 31st** following each year of monitoring for a minimum of two years and until written approval to discontinue the program is received by the Owner from the Director. The annual report shall include, but not be limited to:
 - 1. Laboratory results and laboratory certificates of analysis;
 - 2. Field logs, leak testing and documentation of QA/QC;
 - 3. Discussion and interpretation of the results in comparison to the respective Target Indoor Air Concentrations (Parking Garage) as listed in **Table 1C**; and,
 - 4. Conclusions and recommendations with respect to the need for additional and or continued monitoring as may be warranted.

- m) Upon completion of the construction of the storage garage and the installation of the vapour barrier system or SSDS as specified in Section 4.2 (g) of this CPU, and prior to first occupancy, the Owner shall implement the performance monitoring program, that has been approved in writing by the Director, as required by Section 4.2 (l) of this CPU and detailed in Section 7.4.2 of the RMP for a minimum of two years and until the Owner receives written approval from the Director to discontinue the program. Any changes to the performance monitoring program that has been approved by the Director, as required by Section 4.2 (l) of this CPU, (i.e. sampling frequency, locations, methodology etc.) must be requested in writing by an appropriately qualified Licensed Professional Engineer and these changes shall only be implemented upon the Owner receiving written approval from the Director.

- n) In the event that the performance monitoring program detailed in Section 4.2 (l) of this CPU identifies one or more of the Target Analytes at concentrations above the Target Indoor Air Concentrations (Parking Garage) specified in **Table C** the Owner shall implement the contingency measures detailed in Section 7.5.2 of the RMP and contingency plan as required by Section 4.2 (i), and as follows:
 - i. Written notice shall be submitted to the Director by the Owner within 7 calendar days of the Owner's receipt of the laboratory analysis. This written notice shall include the indoor air sampling results, the laboratory certificates of analysis and the anticipated timeline for the implementation of the confirmatory sampling program along with any additional work as may be deemed necessary by a qualified Licensed Professional Engineer. Confirmatory sampling shall occur within 21 calendar days from the date of the Owner's receipt of the laboratory analysis and be completed by a qualified Licensed Professional Engineer.
 - ii. In the event that the indoor air sampling program verifies the exceedances of one or more of the Target Analytes concentrations above the Target Indoor Air Concentrations (Parking Garage) specified in **Table C** and where the concentrations of the observed Target Analytes are determined by the qualified Licensed Professional Engineer to be a result of soil vapour intrusion into the storage garage, the Owner shall:
 - 1. Submit written notice to the Director within 7 calendar days of the Owner's receipt of the laboratory analysis. This written notice shall include the indoor air results, the laboratory certificates of analysis and the details of, and the anticipated timeline to implement contingency measures consistent with Section 7.5.2 of the RMP and the contingency plan required by Section 4.2 (i) of this CPU. The implementation of contingency measures, along with the implementation of a confirmatory sampling program shall occur within 14 calendar days of the Owner's submission of the written notice of the exceedance to the Director;
 - 2. Within 30 calendar days of the implementation of the contingency measures, the Owner shall submit to the Director a report prepared by a qualified Licensed Professional Engineer documenting the implementation of contingency measures, results of the implementation of the confirmatory sampling program along with the details and timelines for the implementation of a performance indoor air monitoring program as necessary. The report shall include, but not be limited to:
 - a) Laboratory results and laboratory certificates of analysis;

- b) Field logs, leak testing (as necessary) and documentation of QA/QC;
- c) Discussion and interpretation of the results in comparison to the respective Target Indoor Air Concentrations (Parking Garage) as listed in **Table 1C**; and,
- d) Conclusions and recommendations with respect to the performance of the Building's vapour barrier system along with the need for additional work and/or continued monitoring as may be deemed warranted.

Post Construction Groundwater Monitoring Program:

- o) Within 60 days of the completion of the redevelopment of the Property, the Owner shall implement a post construction groundwater monitoring program in accordance with Section 7.4.3 of the RMP. The groundwater monitoring program outlined in Section 7.4.3 of the RMP corresponds to construction option Scenario A specified in Section 7.2.2 of the RMP. Should an alternate construction option be applied, the Owner shall engage a Qualified Person to develop an updated groundwater monitoring program which shall be submitted to the Director for review and approval prior to the completion of the redevelopment of the Property. Upon the Owner's receipt of written approval from the Director, the Owner shall implement the updated groundwater monitoring program within 60 days of the completion of the redevelopment of the Property. Otherwise, the groundwater monitoring program shall include, but not be limited to the following key components:
 - i. Be overseen by a Qualified Person;
 - ii. Consist of the measurement of groundwater levels, collection of groundwater samples and the measuring/monitoring for NAPL (i.e. free phase TCE) from groundwater monitoring wells identified in the attached Schedule 'A': Figure 2 – Proposed Groundwater Monitoring Locations (**Figure 2**), which is attached to and forms part of this CPU, at minimum or at equivalent locations as deemed appropriate by a Qualified Person and upon receipt of written approval from the Director;
 - iii. The measurement of groundwater levels, the collection of groundwater samples and the measuring/monitoring for NAPL (i.e. free phase TCE) shall occur at the following frequency:
 - 1. Quarterly in year one (spring, summer, fall and winter)
 - 2. Semi-Annually (winter and spring) in year 2 and
 - 3. Annually thereafter until written approval to discontinue the monitoring program is received by the Owner from the Director;
 - iv. Groundwater samples shall be sent to a Certified Laboratory and analyzed for the Target Analytes as specified in **Schedule 'A': Table 1B – Property Specific Standards (Groundwater) (Table 1B)**;
 - v. An annual report detailing the sample results, sample locations along with an evaluation of the statistical trends in groundwater concentration using Pearson Correlation (or similar analysis) and an assessment of the potential for off-property migration of impacted groundwater shall be submitted to the Director on or before **March 31st** following each year of monitoring until written approval to discontinue the program from the Director is received by the Owner; and,
 - vi. In the event that an increasing trend in groundwater concentrations is observed, the Owner shall notify the Director in writing within 14 calendar days of the Owner receiving the laboratory analysis. Written notification shall be prepared by a Qualified Person and include the groundwater data, laboratory certificates of analysis and timeline for the submission of an Action Plan, that is consistent with Section 7.5.3 of the RMP, for review and approval. The Action Plan shall be submitted to the Director within 30 days of the Owner receiving the laboratory analysis. The Action Plan shall be prepared by a Qualified Person and include, but not be limited to, a detailed interpretation of the available data collected to date along with recommendations for any additional investigation/ monitoring as may be required and or recommendations for the implementation of additional remedial/contingency measures and or mitigation measures as may be deemed necessary.

1. Upon the Owner receiving written approval from the Director, the Owner shall implement the approved Action Plan.
2. Within 30 days of completion of the Action Plan, the Owner shall submit written confirmation, along with supporting documentation, prepared by a Qualified Person that the Remedial Action Plan has been implemented.

Soil and Groundwater Management Plan:

- p) The property specific soil and groundwater management Plan (Plan) shall be developed for the Property and implemented during all intrusive activities potentially in contact with or exposing COCs in soil, groundwater and or NAPL (i.e. free phase TCE) on the Property as detailed in 7.2.5.5 of the RMP. A copy of the Plan shall be maintained on the Property for the duration of all planned intrusive activities. Any short-term intrusive activities required for the purposes of emergency repairs (i.e. for repairs to underground utilities etc.) will not require the submission of the Plan prior to undertaking the short-term emergency repairs. For planned intrusive activities, this Plan shall be submitted to the Director by the Owner at least 14 calendar days prior to any such intrusive activities being undertaken and shall be consistent with the measures specified in Section 7.2.1 of the RMP. The Plan shall include, but not be limited to, the following key components as deemed necessary by a Qualified Person:
- i. oversight by a Qualified Person;
 - ii. include dust control measures and prevention of soils tracking by vehicles and personnel from the Property;
 - iii. management of excavated soils including cleaning equipment, placement of materials for stockpiling on designated areas lined and covered with polyethylene sheeting, bermed and fenced to prevent access, runoff control to minimize contact and provisions for discharge to sanitary sewers or other approved treatment;
 - iv. management measures and an action plan (including dust and odour control measures along with appropriate disposal options) for NAPL. If NAPL is encountered, the Owner shall notify the Director in writing within 24 hours of the NAPL being encountered;
 - v. storm water management measures to control the potential transport of COCs off-site during on-site construction/redevelopment activities. This shall include, but to not be limited to, silt fences and filter socks on catch-basins and utility covers as necessary;
 - vi. characterization of excavated soils to determine if the excavated soils exceed the Property Specific Standards listed in Table 1A of Schedule "A" attached to this CPU (Table 1A) and/or the ASCS for parameters other than those identified in Table 1A and require off-site disposal in accordance with the provisions of Ontario Regulation 347, as amended, made under the Act;
 - vii. characterization and management of groundwater as a result of dewatering activities. This shall include the management of and proper characterization of groundwater prior to and during any dewatering activities to ensure proper disposal of the groundwater in accordance with all applicable acts, regulations, permits and approvals;
 - viii. record keeping. Record keeping is to include, but not to be limited to, dates and duration of work, weather and site conditions, location and depth of excavation activities/dewatering

activities, dust control measures, stockpile management and drainage, NAPL management and disposal, all soil and groundwater characterization results obtained as part of the soil and groundwater management plan, names of the Qualified Persons, contractors, haulers and receiving sites for any excavated excess soils, and groundwater, as a result of dewatering activities, NAPL removed from the Property removed from the property and any complaints received relating to site activities; and,

- ix. copy of the Plan and any amendments and the records kept thereunder shall be made available for review by the Ministry upon request.

Health and Safety Plan:

- q) A property specific health and safety plan (plan) shall be developed for the Property implemented during all planned intrusive activities undertaken potentially in contact with COCs in soil, groundwater and or NAPL (i.e. free phase TCE) that have been identified in the RA at concentrations that exceed the ASCS as detailed in 7.2.5.6 of the RMP. A copy of the plan shall be maintained on the Property for the duration of all intrusive activities. The Owner shall ensure that the plan takes into account the presence of the COCs and or NAPL and is implemented prior to any intrusive activities being undertaken on the Property or portion (s) of the Property in order to protect workers from exposure to the COCs and or NAPL. The plan shall be prepared in accordance with applicable Ministry of Labour health and safety regulations, along with all potential risks identified in the RA and include, but not limited to, occupational hygiene requirements, personal protective equipment, contingency plans and contact information. Prior to initiation of any Project (on the Property or portion (s) of the Property), the local Ministry of Labour office shall be notified, where so prescribed under the OHSA, of the proposed activities and that COCs have been identified in soils and or groundwater along with potential NAPL on the Property. The plan shall be overseen by a Competent Person to review the provisions of the plan with respect to the proposed site work and conduct daily inspections. The Owner shall retain a copy of the plan to be available for review by the Ministry upon request.

Groundwater Control and Management:

- r) In the event that any new Building (s) is constructed on the Property where the Building's foundation is constructed at or below the groundwater table, in accordance with the Building Code, a Groundwater Control and Management Plan shall be developed by a qualified Licensed Professional Engineer and implemented by the Owner in accordance with Section 7.2.3, Section 7.3.3 and Figure G-2 of the RMP. The Owner shall retain a copy of the plan to be available for review by the Ministry upon request.

Utility Corridors:

- s) The Owner shall ensure that any new utilities/ utility corridors or subsurface infrastructure (utilities) that are excavated for installation or maintenance are excavated and backfilled with the soil that meets the ASCS or Fill Material that is appropriate material for structural purposes as detailed in Section 7.2.1.2 of the RMP. Where new utilities are to be installed or existing utilities repaired on the Property in areas where COCs are found in soil and groundwater that exceed the ASCS and or in areas where residual NAPL has been observed, one or more of the following mitigation measures as may be applicable and as determined by a qualified Licensed Professional Engineer shall be implemented:
 - i. Trench Plugs: consisting of low-permeability materials;
 - ii. Trench Liners: impermeable liner placed at the bottom (base) and sides of the utility trench
 - iii. Watertight Shoring: shoring at the trench walls be supplemented by lining the bottom of the trench with impermeable liner or low-permeability materials;
 - iv. Anti-seep Collars: barriers made of any ridged impermeable material (e.g. concrete, steel or geomembranes);

- v. Concrete Structure of a Box Culvert as a Utility Corridor: Entry to the Concrete Structure or Box Culvert will require confined space entry equipment however would provide a corridor for utility installation and maintenance free of COCs;
- vi. Conduit Seals: constructed of closed cell polyurethane foam, or other inert gas-impermeable material, at the termination of utility conduits and subsurface building penetrations.

In areas of impacted groundwater or soil where new utilities are connected to existing City of Kitchener utilities and Region of Waterloo subsurface infrastructure, trench mitigation measures shall be installed unless the utilities are installed above the high groundwater level or within soil that meets the ASCS, or by directional drilling. The Owner shall retain all associated records to be available for review by the Ministry upon request.

Restricted Access (prior to redevelopment):

- t) Prior to the Property or any portions of the Property being redeveloped, the Owner shall install, inspect and maintain adequate fencing around the entirety of the Property in order to prevent access by unauthorized personnel (i.e. trespassers) or large terrestrial receptors (i.e. mammals). The Owner shall inspect the fencing on a semi-annual basis (spring and fall) at minimum for deficiencies that may allow unauthorized access to any portion of the Property until such time as the redevelopment of the Property or portions of the property is completed. Any identified deficiencies shall be repaired within a reasonable period of time to the original design specifications. Owner shall keep records of the inspections and maintenance and make them available for review by the Ministry upon request.

Building Restrictions:

- u) The Owner shall refrain from constructing slab-on-grade Building (s) on the Property or portion of the Property for as long as the COCs in soil and groundwater are present above the ASCS. The construction of slab-on-Grade Building (s) on the Property or portion of the Property is prohibited.

Geothermal Wells:

- v) The Owner shall refrain from the installation of geothermal wells on the Property or portions of the Property. The installation of geothermal wells on the Property or portions of the Property is prohibited.
- w) Notwithstanding Section 4.2 (v) of this CPU, the Owner may submit a written request to the Director for review and approval to allow for the installation of geothermal wells on the Property or portions of the Property. The written request shall be prepared by a Qualified Person in consultation with an appropriately qualified Licensed Professional Engineer and submitted to the Director and the Reginal Municipality of Waterloo for review. The written request shall include appropriate supporting documentation along with a detailed design of the proposed geothermal system. The installation of geothermal wells on the Property or portions of the Property would only be allowed upon the Owner receiving written approval from the Director.

Prohibition of potable groundwater wells:

- x) The Owner shall,
 - i. refrain from using groundwater in or under the Property as a source of water;
 - ii. properly abandon any wells on the Property, as defined in section 35. (1) of O. Reg. 153/04, according to R.R.O. 1990, Regulation 903 (Wells), made under the OWRA; and,
 - iii. refrain from constructing on the Property any wells as defined in section 35. (1) of O. Reg. 153/04.

Site Changes

4.3 In the event of a change in the physical site conditions or receptor characteristics at the Property that may affect the RMMs and/or any underlying basis for the RMMs, forthwith notify the Director of such changes and the steps taken, to implement, maintain and operate any further RMMs as are necessary to prevent, eliminate or ameliorate any Adverse Effect that will result from the presence on, in or under the Property or the discharge of any Contaminant of Concern into the natural environment from the Property. An amendment to the CPU will be issued to address the changes set out in the notice received and any further changes that the Director considers necessary in the circumstances.

Reports

4.4 The Owner shall retain a copy of any reports required under the CPU, the Risk Assessment and any reports referred to in the Risk Assessment (until otherwise notified by the Director) and within ten (10) days of the Director or a Provincial Officer making a request for a report, provide a copy to the Director or Provincial Officer.

Property Requirement

4.5 For the reasons set out in the CPU and pursuant to the authority vested in me under subsection 197(1) of the Act, I hereby order you and any other person with an interest in the Property, before dealing with the Property in any way, to give a copy of the CPU, including any amendments thereto, to every person who will acquire an interest in the Property, as a result of the dealing.

Certificate of Requirement

4.6 Within fifteen (15) calendar days from the date of receipt of a certificate of requirement, issued under subsection 197(2) of the Act, completed as outlined in Schedule 'B', register the certificate of requirement on title to the Property in the appropriate land registry office.

4.7 Within five (5) calendar days after registering of the certificate of requirement, provide to the Director a copy of the registered certificate and of the parcel register (s) for the Property confirming that the certificate of requirement has been registered on title to the Property.

Owner Change

4.8 While the CPU is in effect, forthwith report in writing to the Director any changes of ownership, of the Property, except that while the Property is registered under the *Condominium Act, 1998*, S.O. 1998, c.19, no notice shall be given of changes in the ownership of individual condominium units or any related common elements on the Property.

Financial Assurance

- 4.9 Within fifteen (15) days of receipt of this CPU, the owner shall provide financial assurance to the Crown in the right of Ontario in the amount of **One Hundred and Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00)**. The financial assurance shall be in the form of a certified cheque payable to the Ontario Minister of Finance or an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a Canadian Chartered Bank as outlined in the Ministry's *Financial Assurance Guideline* revised November 2005. This amount is to cover the costs associated with the inspection, maintenance and operation monitoring for the vapour mitigation system or SSDS as specified in Section 4.2 (j), the completion of the performance monitoring program as specified in Section 4.2 (l), the inspection and maintenance program for the hard cap barriers as specified in Section 4.2 (e) and the post construction groundwater monitoring program as specified in Section 4.2 (o).
- 4.10 The amount of financial assurance required in Section 4.9 of this CPU shall be reviewed by a Qualified Person every **two years** until the Owner receives written approval from the Director to discontinue the review of the required financial assurance and or the Director provides written notice to the Owner that financial assurance is no longer required. The Owner shall submit to the Director the results of the review of the amount of financial assurance, prepared by the Qualified Person, on or before two years of the date at which this CPU has been issued and then every two years thereafter for as long as financial assurance is required by the Director.

Part 5: General

- 5.1 The requirements of the CPU are severable. If any requirement of the CPU or the application of any requirement to any circumstance is held invalid, such finding does not invalidate or render unenforceable the requirement in other circumstances nor does it invalidate or render unenforceable the other requirements of the CPU.
- 5.2 An application under sub section 168.6(3) of the Act to,
a) alter any terms and conditions in the CPU or impose new terms and conditions; or
b) revoke the CPU;
shall be made in writing to the Director, with reasons for the request.
- 5.3 The Director may amend the CPU under subsections 132(2) or (3) of the Act to change a requirement as to financial assurance, including that the financial assurance may be increased or provided, reduced or released in stages. The total financial assurance required may be reduced from time to time or released by an order issued by the Director under section 134 of the Act upon request and submission of such supporting documentation as required by the Director.
- 5.4 Subsection 186(3) of the Act provides that failure to comply with a requirement of the CPU constitutes an offence.
- 5.5 The requirements of the CPU are minimum requirements only and do not relieve you from,
a) complying with any other applicable order, statute, regulation, municipal, provincial or federal law;
or
b) obtaining any approvals or consents not specified in the CPU.
- 5.6 Notwithstanding the issuance of the CPU, further requirements may be imposed in accordance with legislation as circumstances require.
- 5.7 In the event that any person is, in the opinion of the Director, rendered unable to comply with any requirements in the CPU because of,
a) natural phenomena of an inevitable or irresistible nature, or insurrections,
b) strikes, lockouts or other labour disturbances,
c) inability to obtain materials or equipment for reasons beyond your control, or
d) any other cause whether similar to or different from the foregoing beyond your control,

the requirements shall be adjusted in a manner defined by the Director. To obtain such an adjustment, the Director must be notified immediately of any of the above occurrences, providing details that demonstrate that no practical alternatives are feasible in order to meet the requirements in question.

- 5.8 Failure to comply with a requirement of the CPU by the date specified does not relieve the Owner(s) from compliance with the requirement. The obligation to complete the requirement shall continue each day thereafter.
- 5.9 In the event that the Owner complies with provisions of Sections 4.8 and 4.9 of the CPU regarding the registration of the certificate of requirement on title to the Property, and then creates a condominium corporation by the registration of a declaration and description with respect to the Property pursuant to the *Condominium Act, 1998*, S.O. 1998, c.19, and then transfers ownership of the Property to various condominium unit owners, the ongoing obligations of the Owner under this CPU may be carried out and satisfied by the condominium corporation by and on behalf of the new Owners of the Property.

Part 6: Information regarding a Hearing before the Ontario Land Tribunal

With respect to those provisions relating to my authority in issuing a certificate of property use under section 168.6 and an order under section 197 of the Act:

- 6.1 Pursuant to section 139 of the Act, you may require a hearing before the Ontario Land Tribunal (the “Tribunal”), if within fifteen (15) days after service on you of a copy of the CPU, you serve written notice upon the Director and the Tribunal.
- 6.2 Pursuant to section 142 of the Act, the notice requiring the hearing must include a statement of the portions of the CPU and the grounds on which you intend to rely at the hearing. Except by leave of the Tribunal, you are not entitled to appeal a portion of the CPU, or to rely on a ground, that is not stated in the notice requiring the hearing.
- 6.3 Service of a notice requiring a hearing must be carried out in a manner set out in section 182 of the Act and Ontario Regulation 227/07: Service of Documents, made under the Act. The contact information for the Director and the Tribunal is the following:

Registrar

Ontario Land Tribunal

655 Bay Street, Suite 1500
Toronto, ON, M5G 1E5
Email: OLT.Registrar@ontario.ca

and

Jeff Burdon, Director

Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks
1 Stone Rd. West, 4th Floor
Guelph, ON
N1G 4Y2

Fax: 519-826-4286

Email: jeff.burdon@ontario.ca

The contact information of the Ontario Land Tribunal and further information regarding its appeal requirements can be obtained directly from the Tribunal at: Tel: (416) 212-6349 or Toll Free 1 (866) 448-2248 or www.olt.gov.on.ca.

Further information regarding service can be obtained from e-Laws at www.ontario.ca/laws. Please note where service is made by mail, it is deemed to be made on the fifth day after the date of mailing and choosing service by mail does not extend any timelines.

- 6.4 Unless stayed by the Tribunal under section 143 of the Act, the CPU is effective from the date of issue.
- 6.5 If you commence an appeal before the Tribunal, under section 47 of the *Environmental Bill of Rights, 1993* (the “EBR”), you must give notice to the public in the Environmental Registry of Ontario. The notice must include a brief description of the CPU (sufficient to identify it) and a brief description of the grounds of appeal.

The notice must be delivered to the Minister of the Environment, Conservation and Parks who will place it on the Environmental Registry of Ontario. The notice must be delivered to the Minister of the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks, College Park 5th Flr, 777 Bay St, Toronto, ON M7A 2J3 by the earlier of:

- (a) two (2) days after the day on which the appeal before the Tribunal was commenced; and
 - (b) fifteen (15) days after service on you of a copy of the CPU.
- 6.6 Pursuant to subsection 47(7) of the EBR, the Tribunal may permit any person to participate in the appeal, as a party or otherwise, in order to provide fair and adequate representation of the private and public interests, including governmental interests, involved in the appeal.
- 6.7 Pursuant to section 38 of the EBR, any person resident in Ontario with an interest in the CPU may seek leave to appeal the CPU. Pursuant to section 40 of the EBR, the application for leave to appeal must be made to the Tribunal by the earlier of:
- (a) fifteen (15) days after the day on which notice of the decision to issue the CPU is given in the Environmental Registry of Ontario; and
 - (b) if you appeal, fifteen (15) days after the day on which your notice of appeal is given in the Environmental Registry of Ontario.
- 6.8 The procedures and other information provided in this Part 6 are intended as a guide. The legislation should be consultant for additional details and accurate reference. Further information can be obtained from e-Laws at www.ontario.ca/laws

Issued at Guelph this 25th day of **January, 2022**.

Jeff Burdon,
Director, section 168.6 of the Act

Schedule 'A': Figure 1- Site Plan (not to scale)



**Schedule 'A': Figure 2- Groundwater Monitoring Network
(not to scale)**



Schedule 'A': Table A - Property Specific Standards (PSS) - Soil

<i>Soil Contaminant of Concern (COC)</i>	<i>PSS (µg/g)</i>
Anthracene	0.7
Benz(a)anthracene	0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.3
Benzo(b/j)fluoranthene	0.8
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.8
Chloroform	0.12
Dichloroethene, 1,1-	0.64
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	0.1
Fluoranthene	0.7
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	0.4
Phenanthrene	6.2
Tetrachloroethylene	1.1
Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-	0.5
Trichloroethylene	396
Vinyl Chloride	0.029

Schedule 'A': Table B - Property Specific Standards (PSS) - Groundwater

<i>Groundwater Contaminant of Concern (COC)</i>	<i>PSS (µg/L)</i>
Benzene	1.2
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.56
Benzo(b/j)fluoranthene	0.7
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0.4
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.28
Chrysene	0.52
Fluoranthene	2.0
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.3
Phenanthrene	8.6
Carbon Tetrachloride	5.3
Chloroform	16
Dichloroethane, 1,2-	1.2
Dichloroethene, 1,1-	46
Dichloroethene, cis-1,2-	54
Dichloroethene, trans-1,2-	4.4
Tetrachloroethene	204
Trichloroethane, 1,1,1-	120
Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-	180
Trichloroethylene	168,000
Vinyl Chloride	16,800

Schedule 'A': Table C: Target Air Concentrations – Parking Garage

<i>Target Analyte</i>	<i>Target Indoor Air Concentration (Parking Garage) (µg/m³)</i>
Carbon Tetrachloride	1.43
Chloroform	71.5
Dichloroethane, 1,2-	0.138
Dichloroethene, 1,1-	50.1
Dichloroethene, cis-1,2-	107
Dichloroethene, trans-1,2-	42.9
Tetrachloroethene	13.8
Trichloroethane, 1,1,1-	715
Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-	0.223
Trichlorethylene	0.872
Vinyl Chloride	0.406

Schedule 'A': Table D Target Groundwater Concentrations

<i>Target Analyte</i>	<i>Target Groundwater Concentration (µg/L)</i>
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.79
Chloroform	2.4
Dichloroethene, 1,1-	1.6
Dichloroethene, cis-1,2-	1.6
Dichloroethene, trans-1,2-	1.6
Tetrachloroethene	1.6
Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-	4.7
Trichlorethylene	1.6
Vinyl Chloride	0.5

SCHEDULE 'B'

CERTIFICATE OF REQUIREMENT

s.197(2)

Environmental Protection Act

This is to certify that pursuant to Section 4.5 of Certificate of Property Use number **6133-07NLHQ** issued by **Jeff Burdon P.Eng.**, Director of the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks under subsections 168.6(1) and 197(1) of the Environmental Protection Act, dated **January 25, 2022** being a Certificate of Property Use and order under section 197(1) of the Environmental Protection Act relating to the property municipally known as **152 Shanley Street, Kitchener being all of PIN 22326-0146 (LT) (the "Property")** with respect to a Risk Assessment and Risk Management Measures and other preventive measure requirements,

2701098 Ontario Inc.

and any other persons having an interest in the Property, are required before dealing with the Property in any way, to give a copy of the Certificate of Property Use, including any amendments thereto, to every person who will acquire an interest in the Property.

Under subsection 197(3) of the Environmental Protection Act, the requirement applies to each person who, subsequent to the registration of this certificate, acquires an interest in the Property.