## 1 Branched Bartonia

## 2 Ontario Government Response Statement

#### 3 **Protecting and Recovering Species at Risk in Ontario**

- 4 Species at risk recovery is a key part of protecting Ontario's biodiversity. The
- 5 *Endangered Species Act, 2007* (ESA) is the Government of Ontario's legislative
- 6 commitment to protecting and recovering species at risk and their habitats.
- 7 Under the ESA, the Government of Ontario must ensure that a recovery strategy is
- 8 prepared for each species that is listed as endangered or threatened. A recovery
- 9 strategy provides science-based advice to government on what is required to achieve
- 10 recovery of a species.
- 11 Within nine months after a recovery strategy is prepared, the ESA requires the
- 12 government to publish a statement summarizing the government's intended actions and
- 13 priorities in response to the recovery strategy. The response statement is the
- 14 government's policy response to the scientific advice provided in the recovery strategy.
- 15 In addition to the strategy, the government response statement considered (where
- 16 available) input from Indigenous communities and organizations, stakeholders, other
- 17 jurisdictions, and members of the public. It reflects the best available local and scientific
- 18 knowledge, including Traditional Ecological Knowledge where it has been shared by
- 19 communities and Knowledge Holders, as appropriate and may be adapted if new
- 20 information becomes available. In implementing the actions in the response statement,
- 21 the ESA allows the government to determine what is feasible, taking into account social,
- 22 cultural and economic factors.

## 23 The Recovery Strategy for the Branched Bartonia (Bartonia paniculata) in Ontario was

- completed on December 7, 2018.
- Branched Bartonia is an annual herb that is 10 to 40 cm tall with a green or purple,
  angled stem and tiny, white flowers. It often grows in *Sphagnum* moss.

## 27 Protecting and Recovering Branched Bartonia

- 28 Branched Bartonia is listed as a threatened species under the ESA, which protects both
- 29 the plant and its habitat. The ESA prohibits harm or harassment of the species and
- 30 damage or destruction of its habitat without authorization. Such authorization would
- 31 require that conditions established by the Ontario government be met.

- 32 Branched Bartonia is considered to be globally secure but has varying degrees of
- 33 security throughout its range. It appears to be common in parts of New England, New
- 34 Jersey, and the southeast states from Texas west to South Carolina and north
- 35 Kentucky. However, it is rare in the remainder of the northeast, the Great Lakes states
- and on the western periphery of its range.
- 37 Within Canada, Branched Bartonia is found in Ontario, the Maritimes and
- 38 Newfoundland. However, the subspecies that occurs in Ontario (ssp. *paniculata*) does
- 39 not occur in other provinces or territories. Like populations in Michigan and Wisconsin,
- 40 the Ontario populations are disjunct from those in the rest of the range. The Ontario
- 41 populations are genetically distinct and likely diverged from the core American range as
- 42 a result of glaciation. Recent studies have shown that this divergence likely happened
- 43 earlier than previously thought, and further studies are needed to increase
- 44 understanding of the life history of Ontario populations.
- 45 There are over 10 known extant populations of Branched Bartonia in Ontario, all
- 46 occurring in the Muskoka and Parry Sound area near Georgian Bay. Three of these
- 47 populations have been found since the development of the 2003 status report by the
- 48 Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada (COSEWIC). The provincial
- 49 population is estimated to be 767 plants; however, given the more recent population
- 50 discoveries and the fact that the plant is easily overlooked in habitat that requires
- 51 significant surveying, this number is thought to be an underestimate of the Ontario
- 52 population.
- 53 In Ontario, Branched Bartonia is found on conservation reserves, in a provincial park
- and on private lands. The species tends to inhabit wetland complexes, including bogs
- and fens, on the Canadian Shield in areas with *Sphagnum* or other peatland mosses,
- 56 Tamarack (Larix laricina) and Black Spruce (Picea mariana). In order to establish
- 57 shoots and maintain plant health, Branched Bartonia relies on open habitat and
- 58 continuous substrate moisture. The hydrology of these habitats is typically stable but
- 59 does experience seasonal fluctuations. As a result, Branched Bartonia is especially
- 60 sensitive to habitat drying or water level stabilization that may favour establishment of
- 61 shrubs.
- 62 Branched Bartonia reproduces by seed, but this is not well understood, and it is not
- 63 known how long seeds may remain in the seed bank. Additionally, pollinators and
- 64 dispersal mechanisms for this species are not well known. Branched Bartonia may rely
- on an association with specific mycorrhizal fungi (i.e., fungi that colonize the roots of a
- 66 plant thereby increasing their capacity to obtain nutrients) but further research in this
- 67 area is needed.

- 68 The primary threat to Branched Bartonia is the impact of invasive species, specifically
- 69 Glossy Buckthorn (*Frangula alnus*) and to a lesser degree Phragmites (European
- 70 Common Reed) (Phragmites australis ssp. australis). Glossy Buckthorn has been
- 71 documented at three populations and can spread quickly, forming dense thickets. This
- results in reduction in open habitat, competition for resources and changes in hydrology
- 73 (drying of habitat). Phragmites has effects that are similar to those of Glossy Buckthorn
- on Branched Bartonia and its habitat and has been documented at one population.
- 75 Other potential threats to the species include trampling by humans, all-terrain vehicle
- 76 (ATV) use, peat harvesting, railway embankment expansion, reduction of pollinators
- 77 and climate change.
- 78 There are a number of knowledge gaps associated with Branched Bartonia that require
- 79 further research to support effective implementation of recovery actions. Threats to the
- species are localized and require population-specific monitoring and actions. Ontario's
- 81 protection and recovery approaches will focus on research and monitoring actions to
- help increase understanding of the species, its threats, ecological associations and life
- 83 history process; management of threats and habitat to ensure suitable conditions persist
- 84 for the species; and stewardship and awareness actions to improve knowledge of the
- 85 species and reduce human-caused threats.

# 86 Government's Recovery Goal

87 The government's goal for the recovery of Branched Bartonia is to maintain the current88 distribution and support the viability of existing populations across Ontario.

## 89 Actions

- 90 Protecting and recovering species at risk is a shared responsibility. No single agency or
- 91 organization has the knowledge, authority or financial resources to protect and recover
- 92 all of Ontario's species at risk. Successful recovery requires inter-governmental
- 93 cooperation and the involvement of many individuals, organizations and communities. In
- 94 developing the government response statement, the government considered what
- 95 actions are feasible for the government to lead directly and what actions are feasible for
- 96 the government to support its conservation partners to undertake.

## 97 Government-led Actions

- 98 To help protect and recover Branched Bartonia, the government will directly undertake
- 99 the following actions:

100 101	•	Continue to monitor Branched Bartonia and manage its habitat in provincial parks and protected areas.
102 103 104	•	Continue to implement the <u>Ontario Invasive Species Strategic Plan (2012)</u> to address the invasive species (e.g., Glossy Buckthorn, Phragmites) that threaten Branched Bartonia.
105 106 107 108	•	Continue to implement <u>Ontario's <i>Invasive Species Act</i></u> to control the spread of invasive species (i.e., Phragmites) that threaten Branched Bartonia by restricting the importation, deposition, release, breeding/growing, buying, selling, leasing or trading of Phragmites.
109 110	•	Educate other agencies and authorities involved in planning and environmental assessment processes on the protection requirements under the ESA.
111 112 113	•	Encourage the submission of Branched Bartonia data to the Ontario's central repository through the citizen science project that they receive data from (i.e., <u>iNaturalist.ca</u> ) and directly through the <u>Natural Heritage Information Centre</u> .
114 115	•	Undertake communications and outreach to increase public awareness of species at risk in Ontario.
116	•	Continue to protect Branched Bartonia and its habitat through the ESA.
117 118 119 120	•	Support conservation, agency, municipal and industry partners, and Indigenous communities and organizations to undertake activities to protect and recover Branched Bartonia. Support will be provided where appropriate through funding, agreements, permits (including conditions) and/or advisory services.
121 122	•	Encourage collaboration, and establish and communicate annual priority actions for government support in order to reduce duplication of efforts.

#### 123 Government-supported Actions

The government endorses the following actions as being necessary for the protection and recovery of Branched Bartonia. Actions identified as "high" may be given priority consideration for funding under the Species at Risk Stewardship Program. Where reasonable, the government will also consider the priority assigned to these actions when reviewing and issuing authorizations under the ESA. Other organizations are encouraged to consider these priorities when developing projects or mitigation plans related to species at risk.

131	Focus Area:	Researc	h and Monitoring
132	Objective:	Increase	knowledge of Branched Bartonia populations, biology, and
133		ecology.	
134			edge gaps related to Branched Bartonia. Implementation of
135			ether with ecological research, will provide a greater
136	-	-	population viability and factors that influence it. Increasing
137	-		artonia's ecology will support effective implementation of
138 139	=		. Given the genetic distinctiveness of the Ontario Branched
140	support their protect		ncreased importance to understand their life history and ecovery.
141	Actions	:	
142		1. <b>(High</b>	) Develop and implement a standardized monitoring
143		•	col and program at locations where Branched Bartonia
144			s. The program should be designed and implemented to
145			bute to research on population viability. The program
146		snoul	d aim to:
147		0	monitor population trends, demographics and
148			reproductive success;
149 150		0	identify associated habitat features and conditions (e.g., percentage of canopy cover); and,
151		0	monitor and document threats to the species, including
152 153			the presence of invasive species (e.g., Glossy Buckthorn and Phragmites).
154		2. <b>(High</b>	) Collaborate with partners and other jurisdictions to
155			ase understanding of Branched Bartonia's ecological
156			s, population viability and the factors that affect it. This may
157		includ	le:
158		0	investigating seed bank dynamics and associated
159			reproductive biology such as pollination, seed production
160			and seed germination;
161		0	studying factors believed to contribute to Branched
162			Bartonia mortality (e.g., vegetation succession and
163			invasive species);
164		0	characterizing the habitat and microhabitat of Branched
165			Bartonia with a focus on dependencies on hydrological

166 167				processes, overstory openness and peatland bryophyte species; and,				
168 169				investigating the potential association of mycorrhizal fungi with Branched Bartonia.				
170 171 172 173		3.	popula more f	gate the genetics of Ontario's Branched Bartonia ations in relation to populations in the rest of its range to ully understand their distinctiveness and any associated ical and conservation implications				
174 175 176		4.		ct presence-absence surveys for Branched Bartonia in nal Central Ontario peatlands.				
177	Focus Area:	Ма	anagem	nent and Habitat Protection				
178 179	Objective:			preats to Branched Bartonia and its habitat and support protection of habitat.				
180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189	Branched Bartonia is primarily threatened locally by the presence of Glossy Buckthorn and to a lesser degree by Phragmites. As a result, actions taken to address these threats and evaluate the effectiveness of efforts are of great importance. However, it is presently unknown which, if any, steps to mitigate threats can be implemented without negatively affecting Branched Bartonia habitat and what the best approaches to implementing these actions may be. As a result, it is necessary to determine best practices for controlling Glossy Buckthorn and Phragmites in Branched Bartonia habitat. Collectively working to maintain and secure habitat and habitat conditions necessary for the species are also of integral importance in supporting Branched Bartonia across its range.							

190	Actions:	
191	5.	(High) Assess the feasibility of potential control measures to
192		manage the threat of Glossy Buckthorn or Phragmites in
193		locations where they pose a threat to Branched Bartonia. Where
194		measures can be effectively implemented without excessive
195		damage to Branched Bartonia habitat or harm to the plant,
196		implement measures and monitor outcomes.
197	6.	Maintain or enhance habitat suitability within and adjacent to
198		areas currently occupied by Branched Bartonia in collaboration
199		with landowners or land managers. Actions should be informed
200		by best practices, include individuals with expertise to minimize
201		any negative effects, and be adapted based on effectiveness.

DRAFT Government Response Statement to the Recovery Strategy for the Branched Bartonia in Ontario 202 7. Review available literature and develop best management 203 practices for reducing the spread of Glossy Buckthorn in 204 Branched Bartonia peatland habitats. 205 8. As opportunities arise, support the securement of Branched 206 Bartonia habitat that exists on privately owned lands through 207 existing land securement and stewardship programs. 208 209 Focus Area: **Stewardship and Awareness** 210 Objective: Increase awareness of the species, its habitat requirements and 211 ways to minimize threats. 212 Branched Bartonia is found on conservation reserves, in protected areas and on private 213 lands. Collaboration amongst organizations and citizens is needed to support effective 214 implementation of recovery actions. Promoting awareness of Branched Bartonia, and 215 ways to minimize the primary threats to the species (e.g., invasive species), will 216 increase the level of understanding and support coordinated efforts across the species' 217 range. Similarly, given that threats are often localized, supporting increased species' 218 awareness and stewardship of local partners will support reduced threats posed by 219 human disturbance such as trampling, ATV use, peat harvesting and railway corridors. 220 Combining species-specific citizen science efforts with those for other species at risk in 221 the range of Branched Bartonia will improve efficiency and effectiveness. 222 Actions: 223 9. Collaborate with organizations, land managers, land users and 224 Indigenous communities and organizations to promote 225 awareness of Branched Bartonia in Ontario by sharing 226 information on: 227 how to identify the species; 228 o the species' habitat requirements; 229 o actions that can be taken to reduce the spread and 230 impacts of invasive species (e.g., Glossy Buckthorn, 231 Phragmites); 232 • the protection afforded to the species and its habitat 233 under the ESA; and, 234 actions that can be taken to avoid or minimize 235 recreational and development impacts to the species and 236 its habitat.

#### 237 Implementing Actions

- 238 Financial support for the implementation of actions may be available through the
- 239 Species at Risk Stewardship Program. Conservation partners are encouraged to
- 240 discuss project proposals related to the actions in this response statement with the
- 241 program staff. The Ontario government can also advise if any authorizations under the
- ESA or other legislation may be required to undertake the project.
- 243 Implementation of the actions may be subject to changing priorities across the multitude
- of species at risk, available resources and the capacity of partners to undertake
- recovery activities. Where appropriate, the implementation of actions for multiple
- 246 species will be coordinated across government response statements.

#### 247 Reviewing Progress

- 248 The ESA requires the Ontario government to conduct a review of progress towards
- 249 protecting and recovering a species not later than five years from the publication of this
- response statement. The review will help identify if adjustments are needed to achieve
- the protection and recovery of Branched Bartonia.

#### 252 Acknowledgement

- 253 We would like to thank all those who participated in the development of the Recovery
- 254 Strategy for the Branched Bartonia (Bartonia paniculata) in Ontario for their dedication
- 255 to protecting and recovering species at risk.

## 256 For Additional Information:

- 257 Visit the species at risk website at ontario.ca/speciesatrisk
- 258 Contact the Natural Resources Information and Support Centre
- 259 1-800-667-1940
- 260 TTY 1-866-686-6072
- 261 nrisc@ontario.ca